1	SYLVIA QUAST		
2	Regional Counsel		
3			
4	Margaret Alkon		
5	Assistant Regional Counsel		
6	U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		
7	Region IX	** FILED **	
8	75 Hawthorne Street		
9	San Francisco, CA 94105	10MAY2017 - 09:11AM	
10	(415) 972-3890		
11		U.S.EPA - Region 09	
12	UNITED STATES		
13	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY		
14	REGION IX		
15	75 HAWTHORNE STREET		
16	SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94105		
17			
18	In the matter of: Docket No. FIFRA-09-2017- Q	006	
19) CONSENT AGREEMENT	•	
20	Rockwood Chemical Co.)		
21) and		
22			
23) FINAL ORDER PURSUANT T	O	
24	Respondent.) SECTIONS 22.13 AND 22.18		
25			
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27			
28	I. CONSENT AGREEMENT		
29	The United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") and Rockwood Chemical		
30	Company ("Respondent") agree to settle this matter and consent to the entry of this Consent		
	A sussessment and Einst Onder ("CAEON"). This CAEO	1 1 1 4 4 .	
31	Agreement and Final Order ("CAFO"). This CAFO simultaneously initiates an	id concludes this	
32	proceeding in accordance with 40 C.F.R. §§ 22.13(b) and 22.18(b).		
, ,	A ATTHODITY AND DADTIES		
33	A. AUTHORITY AND PARTIES		
34	1. This administrative proceeding for the account of the little of the l		
) (1	1. This administrative proceeding for the assessment of a civil administrative penalty is		
35	initiated pursuant to section 14(a) of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, 7		
, ,	initiated pursuant to section 14(a) of the rederal hiseculcide, rungicide, and Rodenticide Act, /		
36	U.S.C. § 136, et seq. (hereinafter referred to as "FIFRA" or the "Act"), and the Consolidated		
	o.o.o. 5 100, or body (notomatter referred to as 1 if the of the Act), and the	Consonance	

- 2. Complainant is the Director of the Enforcement Division, EPA Region IX, who has been duly delegated to commence and settle an enforcement action in this matter.
- 3. Rockwood Chemical Company is a California corporation with an office or business at 47 W Rutherford Rd, Brawley, California.

B. STATUTORY AND REGULATORY AUTHORITIES

- 4. Under section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136(s), the term *person* means "any individual, partnership, association, corporation, or any organized group of persons whether incorporated or not."
- 5. Under section 2(u) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §136(u), the term *pesticide* is, among other things, any substance or mixture of substances intended for preventing, destroying, repelling, or mitigating any pest.
- 6. Under section 2(q)(1)(D) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(q)(1)(D), a pesticide is *misbranded* if its label does not bear the registration number assigned under section 136e of FIFRA to each establishment in which it was produced.
- 7. Under section 2(q)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(q)(1)(E), a pesticide is *misbranded* if any word, statement, or other information required by or under the authority of FIFRA to appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed thereon in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use.
- 8. Under section 2(p)(1) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(1), the term *label* means the written, printed, or graphic matter on, or attached to, the pesticide or device or any of its

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- 9. Under section 2(p)(2)(A) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(p)(2)(A), the term *labeling* means all labels and all other written, printed or graphic matter accompanying the pesticide or device at any time.
- 10. Under section 2(gg) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(gg), the term to distribute or sell means to distribute, sell, offer for sale, hold for distribution, hold for sale, hold for shipment, ship, deliver for shipment, release for shipment, or receive and (having 1 so received) deliver or offer to deliver.
- 11. Under section 12(a)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(E), it is unlawful for any person in any state to distribute or sell to any person any pesticide that is adulterated or misbranded.
- 12. Under section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S), it is unlawful for any person to violate any regulation issued under sections 3 or 19 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 136a(a) and 136q.
- 13. Pursuant to FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 136-136y, the EPA Administrator promulgated regulations governing the labeling requirements for pesticides and devices, which are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 156.
- 14. Pursuant to sections 3, 8, 19 and 25 of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. §§ 136a, 136f, 136q and 136w, the EPA Administrator promulgated regulations pertaining to standards for pesticide containers and pesticide containment structures ("the Container/Containment regulations"), which are codified at 40 C.F.R. Part 165.
- 15. Agricultural pesticide means any pesticide product labeled for use in or on a farm, forest, nursery, or greenhouse. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.

containing-device (excluding any application tanks) used to enclose a pesticide. Containers that are used to sell or distribute a pesticide product and that also function in applying the product (such as spray bottles, aerosol cans, and containers that become part of a direct injection system) are considered to be containers for the purposes of the Container/Containment regulations. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.

16. Container means any package, can, bottle, bag, barrel, drum, tank, or other

- 17. Containment pad means any structure that is designed and constructed to intercept and contain pesticides, rinsates, and equipment wash water at a pesticide dispensing area. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 18. Containment structure means either a secondary containment unit or a containment pad. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 19. Facility means all buildings, equipment, structures, and other stationary items which are located on a single site or on contiguous or adjacent sites and which are owned or operated by the same person (or by any person who controls, who is controlled by, or who is under common control with such person). 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 20. Establishment means any site where a pesticidal product, active ingredient, or device is produced, regardless of whether such site is independently owned or operated, and regardless of whether such site is domestic and producing a pesticidal product for export only, or whether the site is foreign and producing any pesticidal product for import into the United States. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 21. *Operator* means any person in control of, or having responsibility for, the daily operation of a facility at which a containment structure is located. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
 - 22. Owner means any person who owns a facility at which a containment structure is

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- 23. Pesticide dispensing area means an area in which pesticide is transferred out of or into a container. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 24. Produce means to manufacture, prepare, propagate, compound, or process any pesticide, including any pesticide produced pursuant to section 5 of the Act, and any active ingredient or device, or to package, repackage, label, relabel, or otherwise change the container of any pesticide or device. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 25. Refilling establishment means an establishment where the activity of repackaging pesticide product into refillable 1 containers occurs. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 26. Refillable container means a container that is intended to be filled with pesticide more than once for sale or distribution. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 27. Refiller means a person who engages in the activity of repackaging pesticide product into refillable containers. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 28. Repackage means, for the purposes of this part, to transfer a pesticide formulation from one container to another without a change in the composition of the formulation, the labeling content, or the product's EPA registration number, for sale or distribution. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 29. Secondary containment unit means any structure, including rigid diking, that is designed and constructed to intercept and contain pesticide spills and leaks and to prevent runoff and leaching from stationary pesticide containers. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 30. Stationary pesticide container means a refillable container that is fixed at a single facility or establishment or, if not fixed, remains at the facility or establishment for at least 30 consecutive days, and that holds pesticide during the entire time. 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.

- 33. Respondent is a *person* as that term is defined by section 2(s) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(s), and as such is subject to FIFRA and the regulations promulgated thereunder.
- 34. Respondent is an *owner* and *operator* of a *facility* that is an *establishment*, as those terms are defined by 40 C.F.R. § 165.3, located at 47 W. Rutherford Rd, Brawley, California (the "Facility").
- 35. The Facility is a *refilling establishment* whose principal business is retail sale and the Facility *repackages* and dispenses Eptam 7E, EPA Reg. No. 10163-283 ("Eptam 7E"), which is an *agricultural pesticide*, as those terms are defined by 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 36. Owners or operators of refilling establishments who repackage agricultural pesticides and whose principal business is retail sale that have a stationary pesticide container or a pesticide

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that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad that is not constructed of natural earthen

material, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(a)(2) and 165.87(a)(2).

45. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S) by failing to meet the material specifications that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad that was not constructed of natural earthen material, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(a)(2) and 165.87(a)(2).

Count 2: Failure to have Required Holding Capacity

- 46. Containment pads in pesticide dispensing areas which have a pesticide container or pesticide-holding equipment with a volume of 750 gallons or greater must have a holding capacity of at least 750 gallons. 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.85(c)(3) and 165.87(c)(2). Containment pads in pesticide dispensing areas which do not have a pesticide container or pesticide-holding equipment with a volume of at least 750 gallons must have a holding capacity of at least 100 percent of the volume of the largest pesticide container or pesticide-holding equipment used on the pad. 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.85(c)(4) and 165.87(c)(3).
- 47. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent failed to meet the holding capacity requirements that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad that has a holding capacity of at least 750 gallons or 100 percent of the volume of the largest pesticide container or pesticide-holding equipment used on the pad, whichever is less, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(c) and 165.87(c).
- 48. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S) by failing to meet the holding capacity requirement that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad with the holding capacity of at least 750 gallons or 100 percent of the volume of the largest pesticide container or pesticide-holding equipment used on the pad, whichever is less, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(c), and 165.87(c).

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49. Containment pads in pesticide dispensing areas must be designed and constructed to intercept leaks and spills of pesticides which may occur in the pesticide dispensing area. 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.85(e)(1) and 165.87(e)(1).

- 50. Containment pads in pesticide dispensing areas must have a containment pad with surface area sufficient to accommodate at least the portion of the vehicle where the delivery hose or devise couples to the vehicle. 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.85(e)(2) and 165.87(e)(2).
- 51. Containment pads in pesticide dispensing areas must allow, in conjunction with a sump, for removal and recovery of spilled, leaked, or discharged material and rainfall. 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.85(e)(3) and 165.87(e)(3).
- 52. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent failed to meet the specific design requirements that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad that is designed and constructed to intercept leaks and spills of pesticides which may occur in the pesticide dispensing area, with surface area sufficient to accommodate at least the portion of the vehicle where the delivery hose or devise couples to the vehicle, and that allows, in conjunction with a sump, for removal and recovery of spilled, leaked, or discharged material and rainfall, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(e) and 165.87(e).
- 53. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S) by failing to meet the specific design requirements that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad that meets the specific design requirements to intercept leaks and spills of pesticides which may occur in the pesticide dispensing area and allow removal and recovery of spilled, leaked, or discharged material and rainfall, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(e), and 165.87(e).

54. Containment pads in pesticide dispensing areas must be designed and constructed with sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation and prevent water and other liquids from seeping into or flowing onto it from adjacent lands or structures. 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.85(b)(3) and 165.87(b)(3).

- 55. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent failed to meet the general design requirements that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad that is designed and constructed with sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation and prevent water and other liquids from seeping into or flowing onto it from adjacent lands or structures, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(b)(3) and 165.87(b)(3).
- 56. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S) by failing to meet the general design requirements that the Truck Unloading Area have a containment pad constructed with sufficient freeboard to contain precipitation and prevent water and other liquids from seeping into or flowing onto it from adjacent land or structures, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 165.82(a)(3), 165.85(b)(3), and 165.87(b)(3).

Count 5: Failure to Anchor or Elevate Eptam 7E Tank as Required

- 57. The owner or operator must either anchor or elevate each stationary container of liquid pesticide protected by an existing secondary containment unit to prevent flotation in the event that the secondary containment unit fills with liquid. 40 C.F.R. § 165.87(d).
- 58. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent failed to have the Eptam 7E Tank either anchored or elevated, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 165.87(d).
 - 59. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7

U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S), by failing to either anchor or elevate the Eptam 7E Tank as required by 40 C.F.R. § 165.87(d).

Count 6: Failure To Keep Containment Structure Liquid-Tight

- 60. At all times relevant to this CAFO, the Facility included an area where Eptam 7E was dispensed from the Eptam 7E Tank to fill 30 gallon refillable containers ("Refilling Pad") and this area is a *pesticide dispensing area* and also a *containment pad*, as those terms are defined by 40 C.F.R. § 165.3.
- 61. A pesticide dispensing area where agricultural pesticides are dispensed from a stationary pesticide container designed to hold undivided quantities of agricultural pesticides equal to or greater than 500 gallons of liquid pesticide is subject to the Container/Containment regulations and must have a containment pad that complies with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 165 Subpart E. 40 C.F.R. § 165.82(a)(2).
 - 62. On or about April 6, 2016, the Refilling Pad had unsealed cracks.
- 63. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent failed to keep containment structures liquid-tight with cracks, seams and joints appropriately sealed, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 165.87(a)(1).
- 64. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S), by failing to keep the Refilling Pad liquid-tight with cracks, seams, and joints appropriately sealed, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 165.87(a).

Count 7: Failure To Keep Inspection and Maintenance Records

65. An owner or operator of a pesticide containment structure must keep for three years records of inspection and maintenance for each containment structure and for each stationary pesticide container and its appurtenances, and these records must include the (1) name of the person conducting the inspection or maintenance; (2) date the inspection or maintenance was

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- 66. On and before April 6, 2016, Respondent failed to keep records of inspection and maintenance for each containment structure and for each stationary pesticide container and its appurtenances that include the name of the person conducting the inspection or maintenance; date the inspection or maintenance was conducted; conditions noted; and specific maintenance performed, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 165.95(a).
- 67. On and before April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S) by failing to keep records as required by 40 C.F.R. § 165.95(a).

Count 8: Failure to Maintain Repackaging Records

- 68. Respondent is a refiller of Eptam 7E as that term is defined by 40 C.F.R. § 165.3, but not the registrant. Refillers who are not the registrant of the pesticide product must maintain records in accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 165.70(j). 40 C.F.R. § 165.70(e)(10).
- 69. Each time a pesticide product is repackaged into a refillable container and distributed or sold, the refiller must generate records of the EPA registration number of the pesticide product, the date of the repackaging, and the serial number or other identifying code of the refillable container and maintained these records for at least 3 years after the date of repackaging. 40 C.F.R. § 165.70(j)(2)(i).
- 70. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent was packaging Eptam 7E into refillable containers but was not generating or maintaining records of the EPA registration number of the pesticide product, the date of the repackaging, and the serial number or other identifying code of the refillable container, as required by 40 C.F.R. § 165.70(j)(2)(i).
- 71. On and about April 6, 2016, Respondent violated section 12(a)(2)(S) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(2)(S), by failing to generate and maintain refillable container repackaging

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Count 9: Distribution and Sale of Misbranded Eptam 7E

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72. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent distributed or sold the pesticide Eptam 7E in

the Eptam 7E Tank, as that term is defined by section 2(gg) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(gg), by

holding Eptam 7E for distribution, sale, or shipment.

73. When pesticide products are stored in bulk containers, whether mobile or stationary, which remain in the custody of the user, a copy of the label or labeling, including all appropriate directions for use, must be securely attached to the container in the immediate vicinity of the discharge control valve. 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(4)(ii)(B). This includes marking the producing establishment registration number preceded by the phrase "EPA Est.", of the final establishment at which the product was produced. 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(f). The producing establishment registration number may appear in any suitable location on the label or immediate container [40 C.F.R. § 156.10(f)] but all words, statements, graphic representations, designs or other information required on the labeling by the Act or the regulations must be clearly legible to a person with normal vision and all required label text must not be obscured. 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(2)(i) and 156.10(a)(2)(ii)(C).

- 74. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent did not have a copy of the label or labeling attached to the Eptam 7E Tank that included the EPA establishment number of the final establishment at which the bulk product, Eptam 7E, was produced.
- 75. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent's failure to attach to the Eptam 7E Tank a copy of the label for Eptam 7E that included the establishment number of the final establishment at which Eptam 7E was last produced, as required by 40 C.F.R. §§ 156.10(a)(4)(ii)(B) and 156.10(f), constitutes misbranding, as that term is defined by section 2(q)(1)(D) of FIFRA, 7

76. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent placed a sticker with the EPA Establishment Number on refilled drums of Eptam 7E in a location that obscured required label language.

77. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent's placement of stickers on the labels of refilled containers in a location that obscured required label text, in violation of 40 C.F.R. § 156.10(a)(2)(i) and 156.10(a)(2)(ii)(C), constitutes misbranding, as that term is defined by section 2(q)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136(q)(1)(E).

78. On or about April 6, 2016, Respondent distributed or sold the misbranded pesticide Eptam 7E in violation of section 12(a)(1)(E) of FIFRA, 7 U.S.C. § 136j(a)(1)(E).

D. RESPONDENTS' ADMISSIONS

79. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(b)(2), and for the purpose of this proceeding, Respondent (i) admits that EPA has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this CAFO and over Respondent; (ii) neither admits nor denies the specific factual allegations contained in Section I.C of this CAFO; (iii) consents to any and all conditions specified in this CAFO, (iv) agrees to pay, and consents to the assessment of, the civil administrative penalty under Section I.E of this CAFO; (v) waives any right to contest the allegations contained in Section I.C of this CAFO; and (vi) waives the right to appeal the proposed final order contained in this CAFO.

E. CIVIL ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTY

80. Respondent consents to the assessment of a joint and severable civil administrative penalty in the amount of FIFTY THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED TWENTY-NINE

DOLLARS (\$50,929) as final settlement and complete satisfaction of the civil claims against Respondent arising from the facts alleged in Section I.C of the CAFO and under the Act.

requirements, in the amount due, and identified with the name and docket number of this case), 1 including proof of the date payment was made, along with a transmittal letter, indicating 2 Respondent's names, the case title, and docket number, to the following addresses: 3 Regional Hearing Clerk 4 5 Office of Regional Counsel (ORC-1) U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX 6 75 Hawthorne Street 7 San Francisco, CA 94105 8 9 Panah Stauffer 10 Enforcement Division (ENF 3-3) 11 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region IX 12 75 Hawthorne Street 13 San Francisco, CA 94105 14 15 16 81. In the event that Respondent fail to pay the civil administrative penalty assessed above by its due date, Respondent shall pay to EPA a stipulated penalty in the amount of FIVE 17 HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$500) for each day that payment is late in addition to the unpaid 18 balance of the penalty assessed above. Upon EPA's written demand, this stipulated penalty shall 19 immediately become due and payable. 20 82. If Respondent fails to pay the penalty assessed by this CAFO in full by its due date, 21 the entire unpaid balance and accrued interest shall become immediately due and owing. 22 23 Respondent's tax identification numbers may be used for collecting or reporting any delinquent monetary obligation arising from this CAFO (see 31 U.S.C. § 7701). If payment is not received 24 25 within thirty (30) calendar days, interest, penalty and administrative costs will accrue from the 26 effective date of this CAFO as described at 40 CFR §13.11. In addition, if this matter is referred 27 to another department or agency (e.g., the Department of Justice, the Internal Revenue Service),

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that department or agency may assess its own administrative costs, in addition to EPA's

administrative costs, for handling and collecting Respondent's overdue debt. Respondent's

- a. The debt being referred to a credit reporting agency, a collection agency, or to the Department of Justice for filing of a collection action in the appropriate United States District Court. 40 C.F.R. §§ 13.13, 13.14, and 13.33. In any such collection action, the validity, amount, and appropriateness of the assessed penalty and of this CAFO shall not be subject to review.
- b. The debt being collected by administrative offset (i.e., the withholding of money payable by the United States to, or held by the United States for, a person to satisfy the debt the person owes the Government), which includes, but is not limited to, referral to the Internal Revenue Service for offset against income tax refunds. 40 C.F.R. Part 13, Subparts C and H.
- c. EPA may (i) suspend or revoke Respondent's licenses or other privileges; (ii) suspend or disqualify Respondent from doing business with EPA or engaging in programs EPA sponsors or funds; (iii) convert the method of payment under a grant or contract from an advanced payment to a reimbursement method; or (iv) revoke a grantee's or contractor's letter-of-credit. 40 C.F.R. §§ 13.17.

F. CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

83. In executing this CAFO, Respondent certifies that the information it has supplied concerning this matter was at the time of submission, and is at the time of signature to this CAFO, truthful, accurate, and complete; and that Respondent has corrected the violations alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO. Under 18 U.S.C. § 1001, submitting false or misleading information can result in significant penalties, including the possibility of fines and imprisonment for knowing submission of such information.

G. RETENTION OF RIGHTS, BINDING EFFECT, ETC.

84. This Consent Agreement constitutes the entire agreement between the Respondent and EPA. Full payment of the civil penalty and any applicable interest charges or late fees or penalties as set forth in this CAFO shall constitute full settlement and satisfaction of civil penalty liability against Respondent for the violations alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO.

- 85. In accordance with 40 C.F.R. § 22.18(c), this CAFO only resolves Respondent's liabilities for federal civil penalties for the violations and facts specifically alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO. Nothing in this CAFO is intended to or shall be construed to resolve: (i) any civil liability for violations of any provision of any federal, state, or local law, statute, regulation, rule, ordinance, or permit not specifically alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO; or (ii) any criminal liability. EPA specifically reserves any and all authorities, rights, and remedies available to it (including, but not limited to, injunctive or other equitable relief or criminal sanctions) to address any violation of this CAFO or any violation not specifically alleged in Section I.C of this CAFO. This CAFO does not exempt, relieve, modify, or affect in any way Respondent's duties to comply with all applicable federal, state, and local laws, regulations, rules, ordinances, and permits.
- 86. Except as set forth in Paragraph <u>82</u> above, EPA and Respondent shall each bear its own fees, costs, and disbursements in this action.
- 87. For the purposes of state and federal income taxation, Respondent shall not claim a deduction for any civil penalty payment made pursuant to this CAFO.
- 88. This CAFO constitutes an enforcement action for purposes of considering Respondent's compliance history in any subsequent enforcement action. This CAFO will be available to the public and does not contain any confidential business information.

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY:		
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1 -13/19 -1 -1/04		
Date: 5/8/17 By: 1/W A-401		
KATHLEEN H. JOHNSON		
Director		
Enforcement Division		
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		
Region IX		

II. FINAL ORDER IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that this Consent Agreement and Final Order be entered and that Respondent shall pay a civil administrative penalty in the amount of FIFTY THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED TWENTY-NINE DOLLARS (\$50,929) in accordance with the terms set forth in the Consent Agreement. Date: 05/09/17 Regional Judicial Officer U.S. EPA, Region IX

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify that the original of the fully executed Consent Agreement and Final Order, (**Docket No FIFRA-09-2017-0006**) was filed with the Regional Hearing Clerk, U.S. EPA, Region IX, 75 Hawthorne Street, San Francisco, CA 94105, and that a true and correct copy of the same was sent to the following parties:

A copy was mailed via CERTIFIED MAIL to:

Rich Wagner President Rockwood Chemical Co. 47 W Rutherford Rd Brawley, CA 92227-9613

CERTIFIED MAIL NUMBER:

7015 3010 0000 3883 9732

An additional copy was hand-delivered to the following U.S. EPA case attorney:

Margaret Alkon Assistant Regional Counsel (ORC-2) U.S. EPA, Region IX 75 Hawthorne Street San Francisco, CA 94105

Regional Hearing Clerk

U.S. EPA, Region IX

May 10,2017